



Contents

Note to the Tutor/Teacher

Course overview

Assessment brief I: Sorting objects and life forms

Living and non-living things

Plant or animal

Assessment brief 2: Plant and animal life forms

Animals in Ireland

Habitats in Ireland

Habitats around the world

Field trips

Young to old

Parts of the body

Assessment brief 3: What living things need

What living things need

What plants need

What animals need

A healthy diet

Mapping of learning outcomes

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Assessment Brief I

Course:	Life Science
Course Code:	MICOI
Assessment:	Collection of Work
Title:	Sorting objects and life forms
Weighting:	Collection of Work 100%

Guidelines

You will be expected to:

- I. Sort objects and life forms into living (animate) or non-living (inanimate) groups.
- 2. Sort objects and life forms into plant or animal kingdoms.

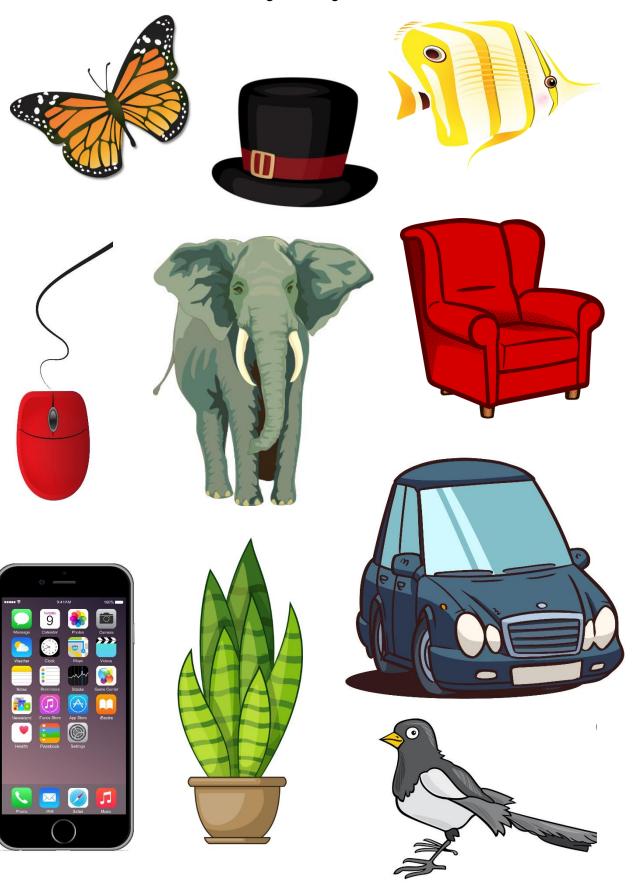
Assessment criteria

- Exercises must be complete.
- Exercises must be correct.
- Answers must be logically set out.
- Show an understanding of the difference between living and non-living things.
- Show an understanding of the difference between plants and animal forms.
- Give examples of living and non-living things.
- Give examples of plant forms and animals forms.

Submission	n date:		
I confirm	that this is	my own work.	
Signed:		Date:	



I. Circle the animate (living) things:





2. Write \boldsymbol{L} for \boldsymbol{Living} and \boldsymbol{N} for $\boldsymbol{Non\text{-living}}$:

a) people		Iti. dia a
b)house		living /
c) animal		
d) bed		
e)tree		
f) hat		Mis
g) map		
h) rat	non-	-living
3. Write one t	hing in your home that is living.	
4. Write one t	hing in your home that is non-living	3 .

LEVEL 1 LIFE SCIENCE



5. Answer the questions yes or no.

Can I move by myself?
Do I die?
Do I grow?
I am living / non-living.



Car	ıΙ	m	ove	by	myself?	
_	т	1.	^			

Do I die? _____

Do I grow? _____

I am living / non-living.



Can I move by myself? _____

Do I die? _____

Do I grow? _____

I am living / non-living.



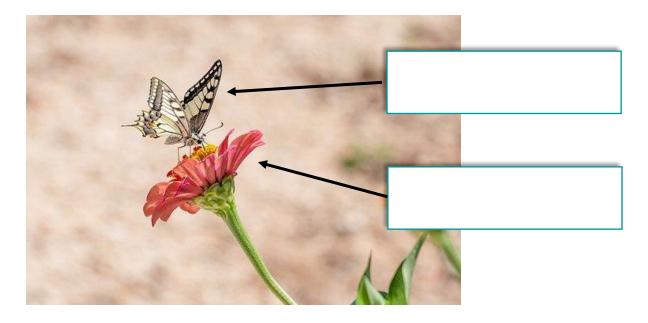


Plant or Animal

I. Complete the sentences.

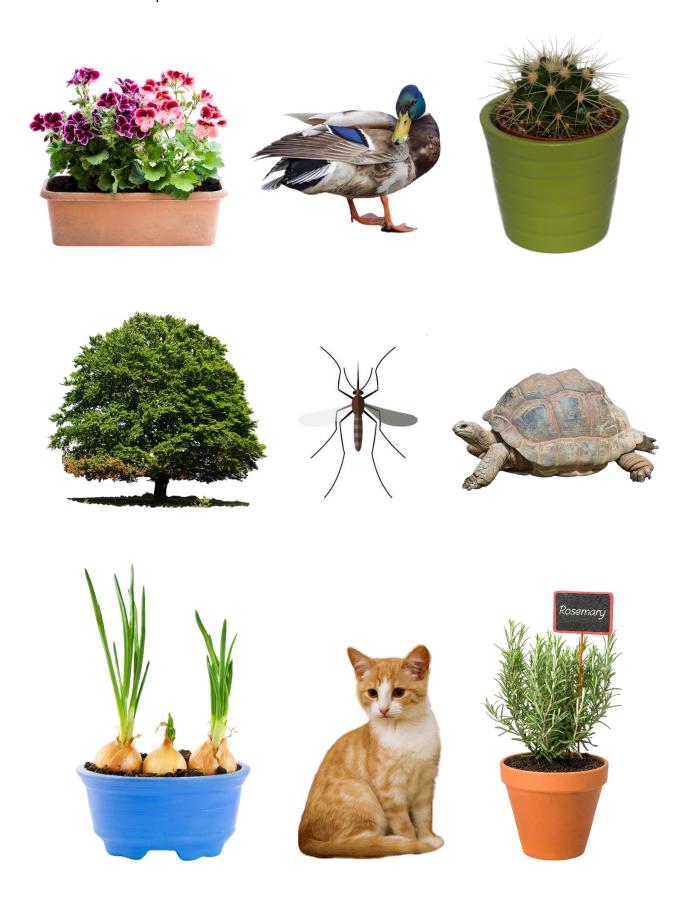
eat, trees, sun, fish, animals

- a) Living things can be plants or ______
- b) Plants generally grow from the soil and use the energy from the _____ to grow.
- c) Animals need to _____ plants or other animals for energy.
- d) Some examples of animals include: people,
 _____, birds, insects and farm animals.
- e) Some examples of plants include: flowers, _____, grass and moss.
- 2. Use the labels animal and plant.





3. Tick the plants.





Habitats in Ireland

I. What is a habitat?

It is the natural home or environment of an animal, plant, or other organism.

2. What is your habitat? _____

3. Look at the habitat below. What kind of habitat is this?



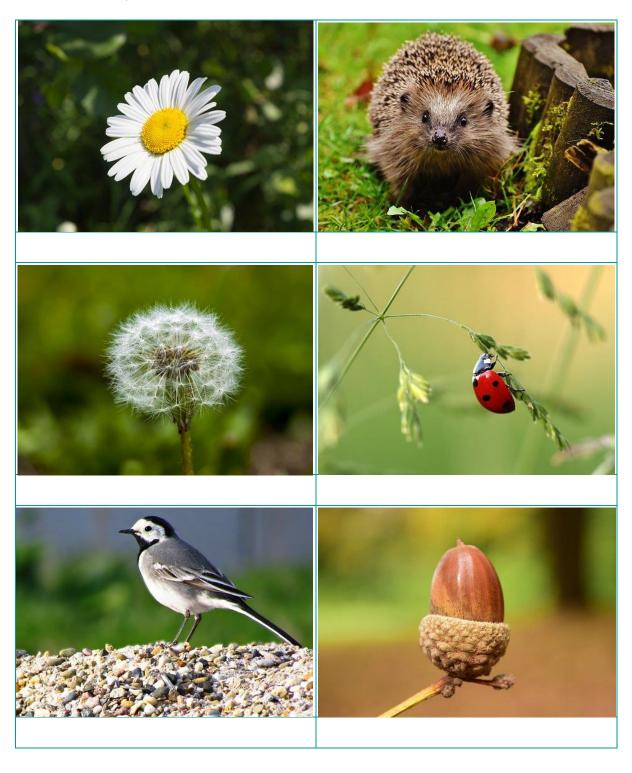
4.	Tick	the	things	you	see	in	this	habitat:
----	------	-----	--------	-----	-----	----	------	----------

flowers	
trees people snakes	5. Name one other living thing you might see in this habitat.
grass sheep	



9. Write letters by the pictures. State if it is a plant or animal.

A. ladybird B. acorn C. daisy D. wagtail E. hedgehog F. dandelion



10. What creatures have you seen in Ireland? Name one of each type:

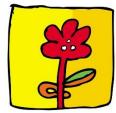
Living things	What have you seen?
bird	
insect	
sed credture	
farm animal	
pet	
pond creature	
mammal	
fish	



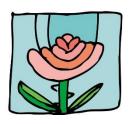
I. What plants and animals did you see? Fill in this table:

NATU	JRE SPOTT	ING			
The habitat you are studying:					
What you spotted	√ or x	How	Plant (P) or		
		mdny	Animal (A)		







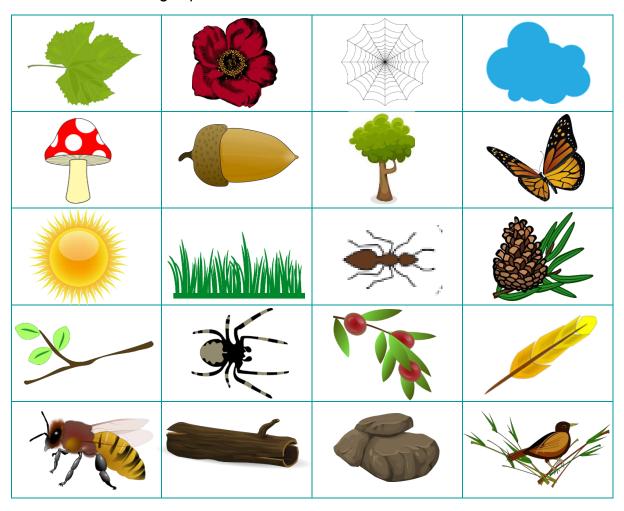




2. Spotting signs of life

- What habitat are you visiting? ______
- In which county are you? _____

3. Tick the things you observed.

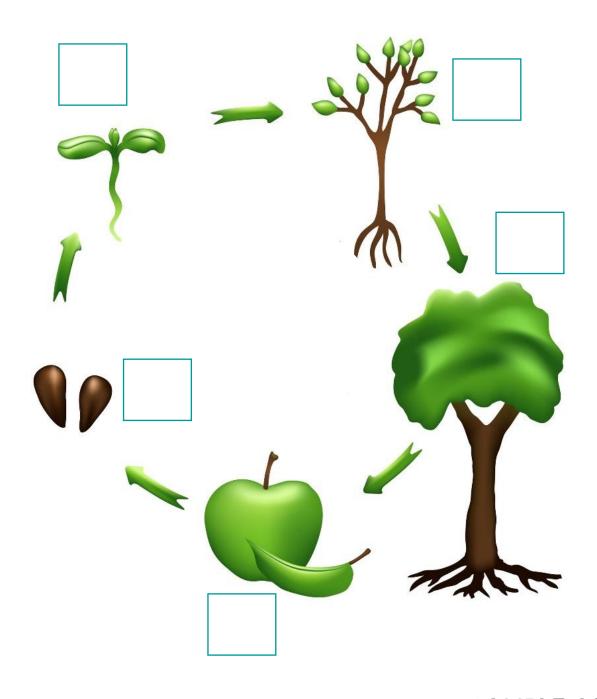


4. What was the easiest thing to find?

5. What was the most difficult thing to find?

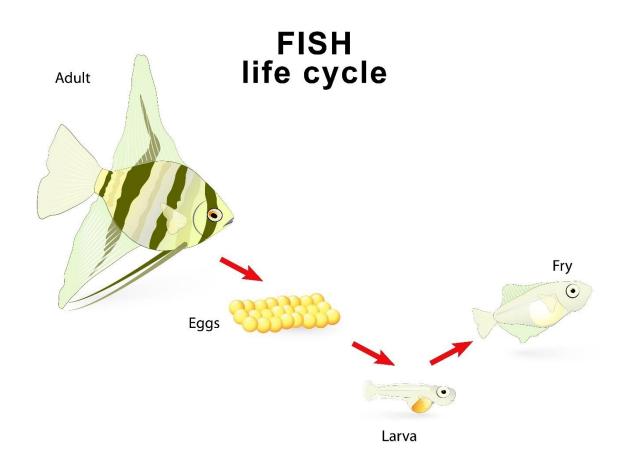


- I. Look at the stages of a plant's life. Write the correct letters.
- A. seedling
- B. young plant
- C. adult plant
- D. seed
- E. fruit





2. Look at the picture and complete the sentences:



- a) The adult fish lays ______
- b) An egg hatches into a _____
- c) The larva grows into a ______
- d) The fry grows into an adult ______









I. Complete the sentences. Do this together as a group.

energy, grow, eggs, move, waste, live, change

a) All living things	, some walk, some
swim and some fly.	
b)All living things	and get bigger.
c) All living things need and use	e, some
use food, some use sunlight	and some use soil.
d)All living things can reproduc	ce, some lay
, some	have babies and some
produce seeds.	
e) All living things get rid of	··································
f) All living things have a lifesp	an. Some living things
longer than others. q) Living things	Eggs Embryo
time.	The Life Cycle Of A Frog Tadpole
	Tadpole with 4 legs Tadpole with 2 legs

LEVEL 1 LIFE SCIENCE



I. Animals have adapted to where they live. Complete the sentences.

tusks, sting, teeth, flying, grasses, Frogs

a) Horses have straight, sharp teeth to bite off
b)The elephant uses its for rooting
food from the ground.
c) Sharks have sharp, jagged to grab
its prey.
d) A jellyfish uses venom to its prey.
e) have long, sticky tongues to catch
insects.
f) Hawks, high above, can spot small
animals, like mice, on the ground.

SAMPLE, 17



MAPPING OF LEARNING OUTCOMES

- (LSI) Sort familiar objects and life forms into live/animate, dead/inanimate groups Pages 6 to 19 (animate / inanimate + living / non-living), Page 41 (living / non-living on a farm), Page 55 (field trip observations living / non-living)
- (LS2) Sort familiar objects and life forms into plant or animal kingdoms Pages 20 to 29 (plants and/or animals), Page 45 (plant / animal), Pages 52 and 53, Page 55 (field trip observations plant or animal spotting)
- (LS3) Identify some plant and animal life forms in a familiar local habitat Page 26 (naming living things in Ireland), Page 27 (flowers in Ireland), Page 28 (trees in Ireland), Page 29 (plants in Ireland), Page 31 (animals in Ireland), Page 32 (birds in Ireland), Page 33 (insects/arachnids in Ireland), Page 35 (animals in Ireland), Page 36 (land / water habitats), Page 37 (animals in Ireland), Pages 38 to 47 (habitats in Ireland), Pages 48 to 51 (habitats around the world), Pages 52 to 55 (field trip observations)
- (LS4) Use language appropriate to young and mature life forms, e.g. seed, seedling, plant, or pup and dog, kitten and cat, child and adult Pages 56 to 65 (stages of development human, plant, tree, chicken, mosquito, fish)
- (LS5) Name the parts of own body and that of a familiar animal Pages 66 to 74 (parts of body human, bird, fish)
- (LS6) Identify some essential factors for healthy growth and development of plant or animal forms Pages 76 to 78 (what all living things need), Pages 79 to 86 (what plants need), Pages 87 to 97 (what animals need), Pages 98 to 101 (healthy diet)